

In this study of gender inequality and declining sex ratio in north India it was

Gender inequality and its social causes will affect Indian male-female ratio, female health status, educational level, economic situation. India's gender inequality is a multifaceted issue involving both men and women. Some people believe that various gender equality indices will make men disadvantageous. However, looking at the whole Indian population, women are in a disadvantageous position in several important respects. In India, discrimination against all men and women has existed for generations and has been affecting the lives of men and women. The Constitution of India grants equality rights to men and women, but gender difference still exists

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Some of the facts related to Indian sex ratio following the decline in Indian sex ratio are mainly due to prejudice attitudes towards women. The main reason for this gender bias is insufficient education. The female population density of Daman, Diu, Haryana is the lowest, while the number of women in Pondicherry and Kerala is the largest.

Abortion by gender affects human sex ratio - Relative numbers of men and women of a certain age group, China and India are two countries with the most population in the world with imbalanced male-female ratio. Studies and reports focusing on abortion by sexual selection are mainly statistical and the overall ratio of male and female at birth in sex ratio at birth - regional population is an indicator of sexual abortion . Some scholars question this hypothesis

The two most studied countries with high sex ratio and abortion rate by gender selection are China and India. The US Central Intelligence Agency estimates that the male-to-female ratio for two years of birth is 112. However, the World Bank insists that the male-female ratio at birth in China in 2009 is 120 boys against 100 girls, the United Nations FPA said that the male-female ratio at birth in China in 2011 is It is estimated to be 118. This ratio is 111, but the sex ratio of the World Bank and India's 2011 census report is 108. These changes and the reliability of data are very important because India will increase from 108 to 109, China will increase from 117 to 118, and the population will be about 100,000.